

Vocabulary

Lots of , groups of

Times, product, multiply, multiplied by

Multiple of

Once, twice, three times, four times....ten times

Times as (big, long, wide etc)

Repeated addition

Array

Row, column

Double, halve

Share, share equally

One each, two each....

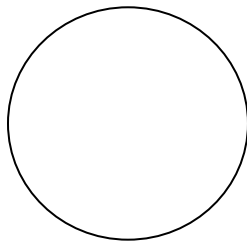
Group in pairs, threes, fours...

Equal groups of..

Divide, divided by, divided into

Left, left over, remainder

I have worked hard to finish my card /
My Gold Award...



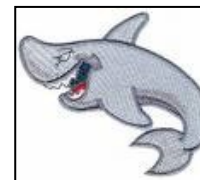
All Saints' Primary School

Green

Card 7

Times Tables Target Card

Name: _____



Shark

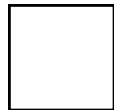
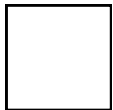
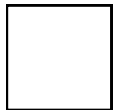
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
3	0	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30
4	0	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40
5	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
6	0	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60
7	0	7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63	70
8	0	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72	80
9	0	9	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81	90
10	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100

Number Bond Awards

Blue To calculate mentally doubles and halves of multiples of 10 and 100
(double 6 = 12 so double 60 = 120)

Yellow To use knowledge of tables to double and halve decimals (half of 5.6, double 0.34)

Red To know all squares of numbers up to 12×12
($4 \times 4 =$ $5 \times 5 =$ $6 \times 6 =$ )



Tables Awards

Blue Say the multiplication table in order without long pauses

Yellow Give the answer (product) of two multiplied numbers not in the order of the table eg. "five times two is..."

Red Say the two numbers (factors) which multiply together when given the answer (product) eg. "thirty is three times ten" or answer questions such as "how many tens in thirty?"

Product = the answer to a multiplication $6 \times 5 =$ **30**

Factor = the numbers which are multiplied together to make the answer

$$\underline{6} \times \underline{5} = 30$$

$0 \times 11 = 0$		
$1 \times 11 = 11$		
$2 \times 11 = 22$		
$3 \times 11 = 33$		
$4 \times 11 = 44$		
$5 \times 11 = 55$		
$6 \times 11 = 66$		
$7 \times 11 = 77$		
$8 \times 11 = 88$		
$9 \times 11 = 99$		
$10 \times 11 = 110$		

$0 \times 12 = 0$		
$1 \times 12 = 12$		
$2 \times 12 = 24$		
$3 \times 12 = 36$		
$4 \times 12 = 48$		
$5 \times 12 = 60$		
$6 \times 12 = 72$		
$7 \times 12 = 84$		
$8 \times 12 = 96$		
$9 \times 12 = 108$		
$10 \times 12 = 120$		

Now start to practise your 'teen' tables. How good are you at the thirteen times table or the fifteen times tables?

How will you work these out mentally?